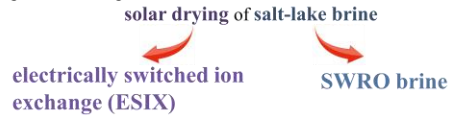


Undergraduate Students
Sciences and Engineering

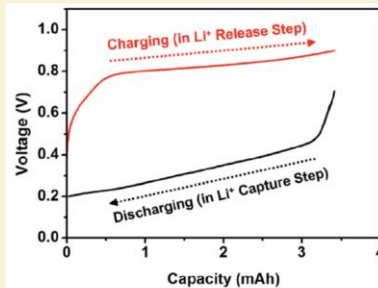
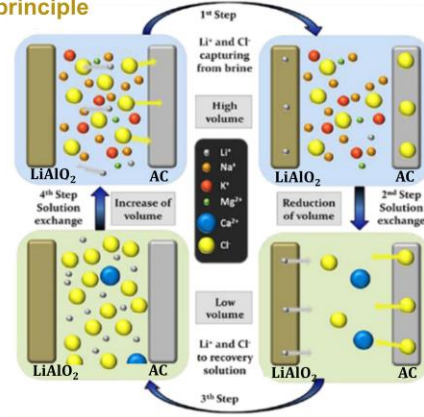
Introduction

Market demand for Li is high and growing
Current approach is time consuming and geographically confined

Proposed work replaces:

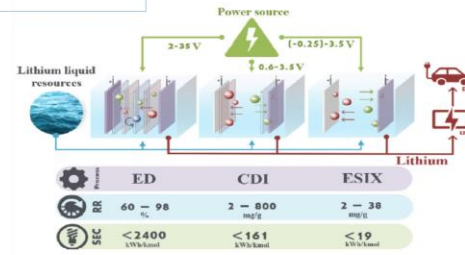


Li capture and release cycle: operating principle



Acknowledgment

This work is supported by the Qatar National Research Funds (QNRF) [NPRP12S-0227-190166] and [GSRA8-L-2-0414-21012].



Experimental Approach

- Synthesis of LiAlO_2 by sol-gel method followed by two steps annealing
- Confirmation of crystal structure
- Implementation in 2 electrode system with AC counter electrode
- Use of simulated concentrated SWRO brine Li rich resource
- Use of CaCl_2 and KCl as recovery solution

Results and Discussion

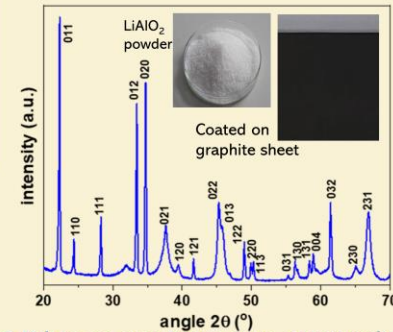


Figure 1. XRD pattern confirming novel LiAlO_2 crystal structure

Figure 2. Voltage vs capacitance curve corresponding to Li capture and release half cycles

Conclusion

XRD and XPS confirms LiAlO_2 catalyst was fabricated with high degree of crystallinity At $0.5 \text{ mA}\cdot\text{cm}^{-2}$, purity of Li recovered is 97%
Specific energy consumption of Li recovery is 100 W.h/mol